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FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

CORRECTION.

Telegram in Public Health Reports for June 3, 1904, page 1121, stating the existence of plague in Aden, should read "Plague over."

AFRICA.

Report from Cape Colony—Plague—Examination for plague and plague-infected rodents.

COLONIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
Cape Town, Cape of Good Hope, May 2, 1904.

The following report by the medical officer of health for the Colony on the state of the outbreak of bubonic plague in the Cape Colony for the week ended April 30, 1904, is published for general information.

NOEL JANISCH,
Under Colonial Secretary.

Port Elizabeth.—One case of plague was recorded during the week, namely: A Chinese male, a suspect removed on the 23d of April for observation and treatment and diagnosed as plague on the 28th idem. At the plague hospital, six cases remain under treatment. Eighty-three rats and 54 mice were examined bacteriologically during the week, of which 18 rats and 14 mice proved to be plague-infected.

Other places.—At East London, Uitenhage, Queenstown, King Williams Town, and Knysna, no case of plague was discovered in man or animal.

EXAMINATION OF RODENTS IN CAPE TOWN AND HARBOR BOARD AREA.

Harbor board area and shipping in harbor.—Number examined, 271; nothing found suspicious of plague.

Cape Town.—Number examined by the medical officer of health for the city, 358; nothing found suspicious of plague.

A. JOHN GREGORY,
Medical Officer of Health for the Colony.

BRAZIL.

Report from Bahia—Mortuary statistics—Smallpox.

Consul Furniss reports, May 9, as follows:

During the week ended May 7, 1904, 92 bodies were interred in the Bahia cemeteries.

Causes of death: Arterio-sclerosis 1, asphyxia 1, bronchitis 3, cancer 1, cerebral congestion 2, cirrhosis of liver 1, death by violence 2, diarrhea and dysentery 17, gangrene 1, intestinal parasites 1, malarial fevers 7, meningitis 1, myelitis 1, organic diseases of heart 3, pneumonia 1, puerperal fever 3, pulmonary tuberculosis 7, rheumatism